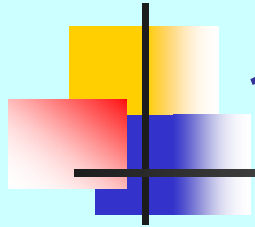


Present Status of Solar Thermal Utilization in China

Prof. HE, Zinian

Beijing Solar Energy Research Institute
Beijing Sunda Solar Energy Technology Co., Ltd



1. Solar Thermal Industry in China

- China has abundant solar energy resources with an average annual irradiation of **more than 5,860 MJ/m²**.
- Regions with annual sunshine **over 2,200 hours** for more than 2/3 of total geographic area of China.

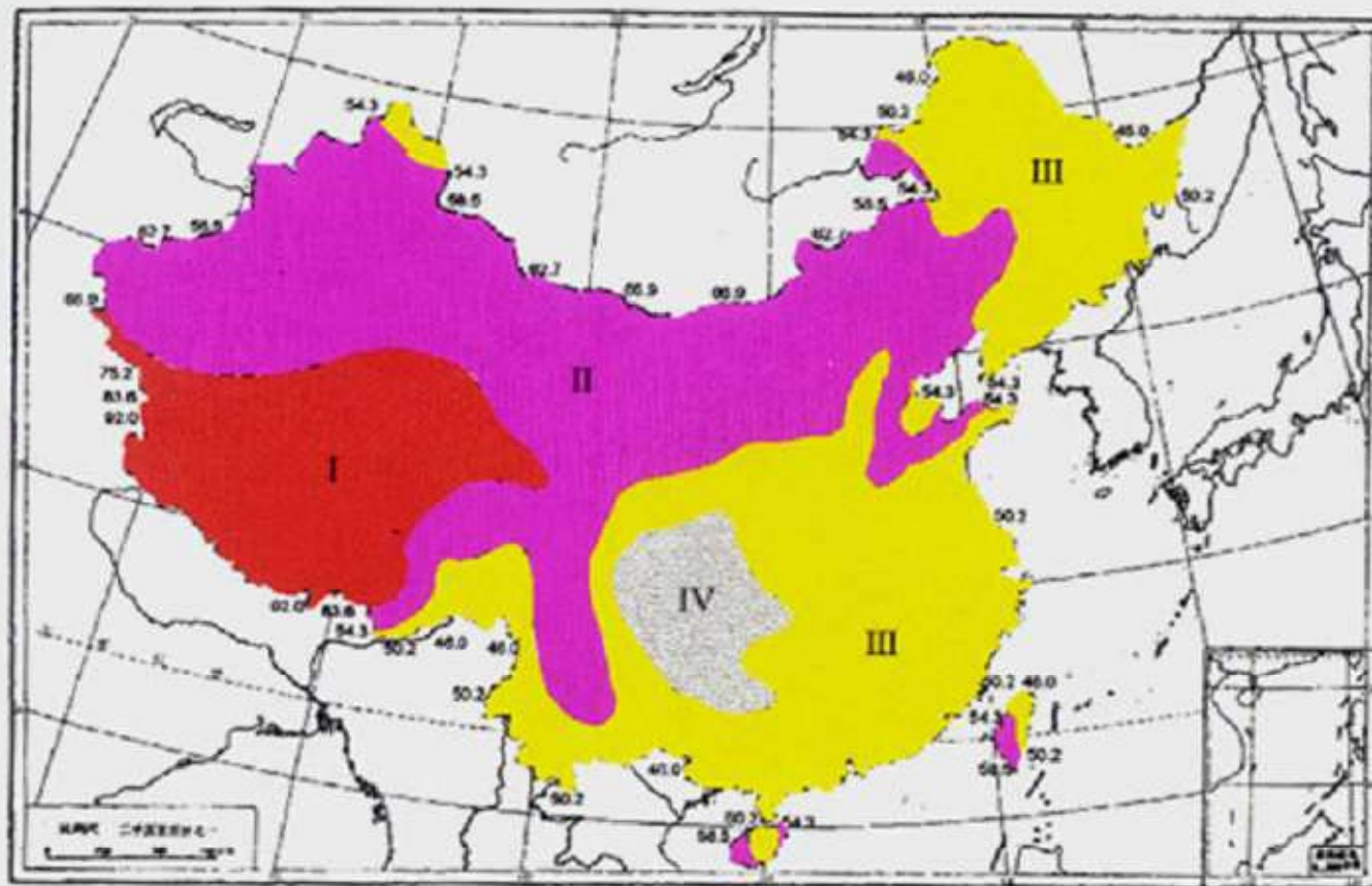




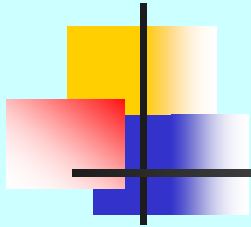
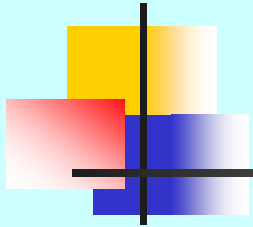


图1 中国太阳能资源分布带[100 MJ/(m² a)]

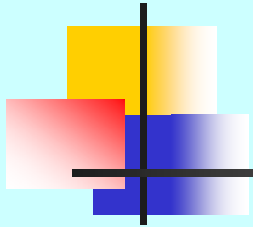
Class		Solar irradiation [MJ/ /(m ² a)]	Sunshine hours(h)
I		>6700	3200—3300
II		5400—6700	3000—3200
III		4200—5400	1400—3000
IV		<4200	1000—1400



- Since 1980s, the Chinese Government has carried out a plan to strengthen the R&D and application of solar water heaters (SWH) in China.
- With awareness of energy conservation, environment protection and climate change rising, China gives more priority to the development of the solar thermal industry.



- The **State Law of Renewable Energy** was issued in 28 Feb 2005, and has been implemented since 1 Jan 2006.
- Implementation of the **State Law** tremendously facilitates the development of solar thermal industry and application in China.

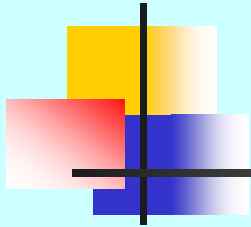


- At present, there are **more than 2,800 manufacturers** of SWH throughout the country.
- The Chinese SWH market is developing with an **annual increasing rate of about 25%**.



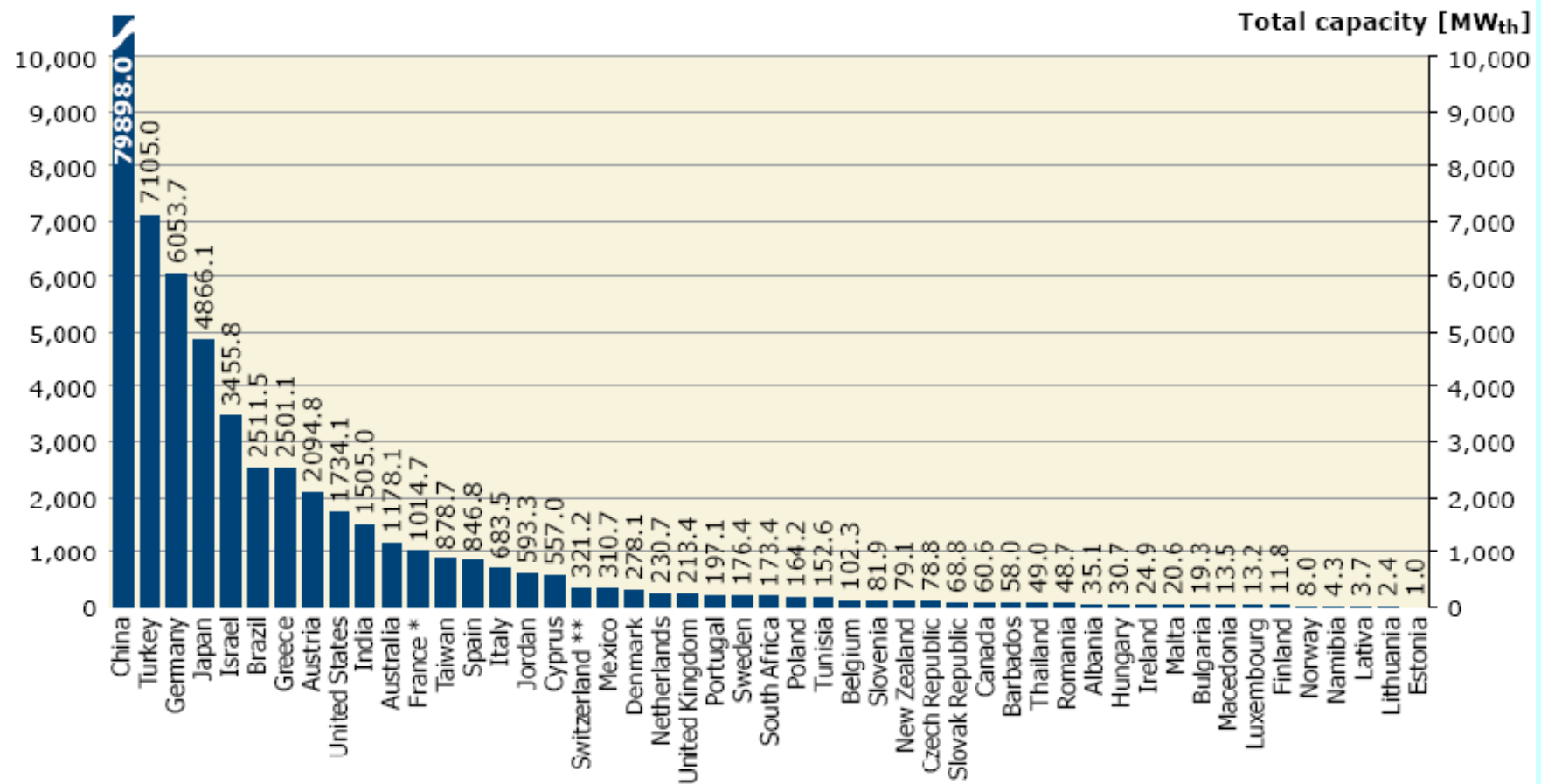
Annual Production and Accumulated Installation of Solar Collectors in China (1999 – 2009)

Year	Annual production (Million m ²)	Increasing rate (%)	Accumulated installation (Million m ²)
1999	5	—	20
2000	6.4	28	26
2001	8.2	28	32
2002	10	22	40
2003	12	20	50
2004	13.5	12.5	62
2005	15	11.1	75
2006	18	20	90
2007	23	30	108
2008	31	32.5	125
2009	42	35.5	145



- In 2009, the annual production of solar collectors reached **42 million m²** .
- By the end of 2009, the accumulated installation of solar collectors reached **145 million m²** .
- At present, China becomes the **largest** annual production and accumulated installation of SWH in the world.

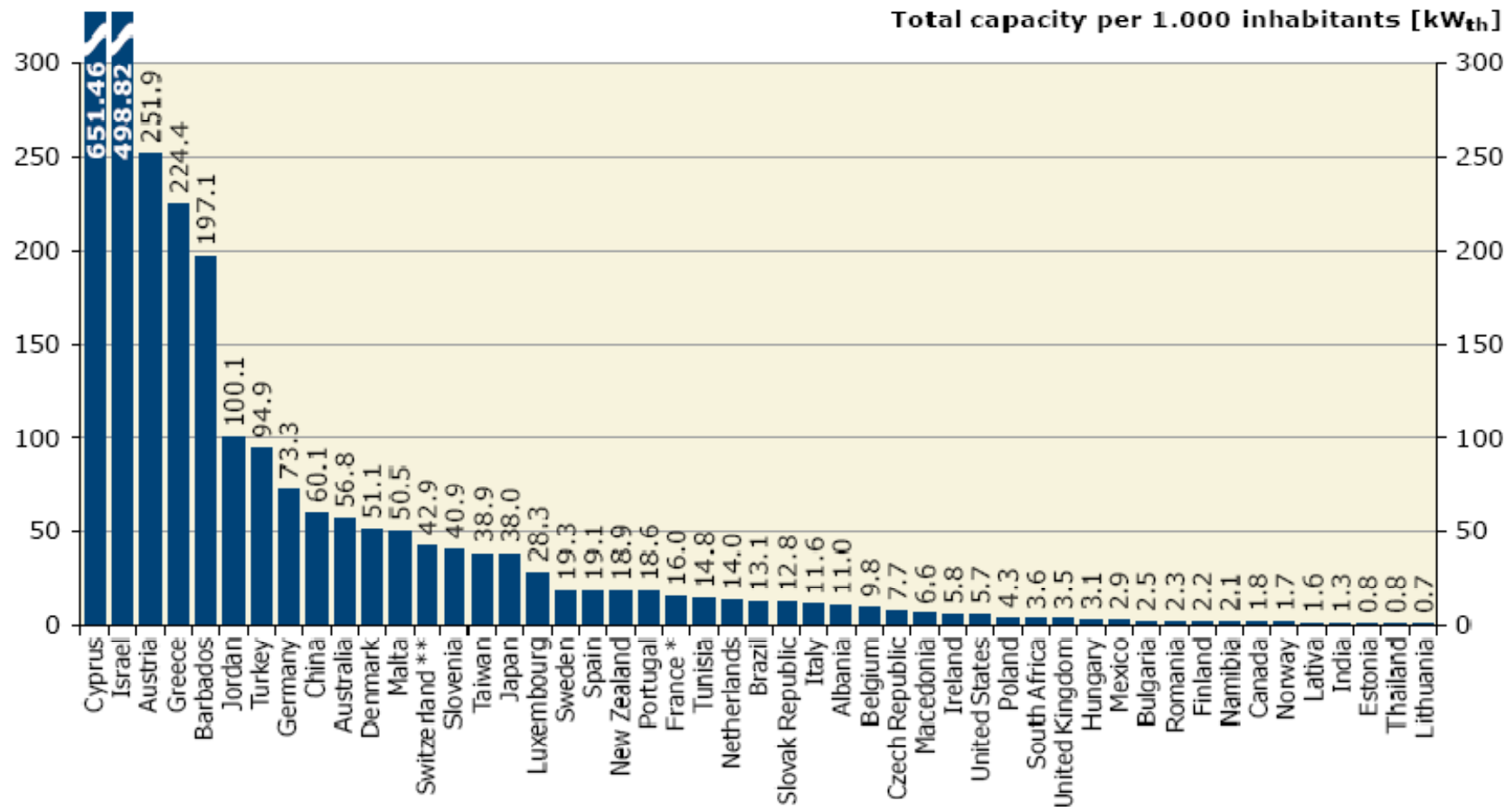
Total Capacity of SWH in the World (in 2007)



* France: includes Overseas Departments

Figure 5: Total capacity of glazed flat-plate and evacuated tube collectors in operation at the end of 2007

Total Capacity of SWH per 1000 Inhabitants (in 2007)



* France: includes Overseas Departments

Figure 6: Total capacity of glazed flat-plate and evacuated tube collectors in operation at the end of 2007 in kW_{th} per 1,000 inhabitants

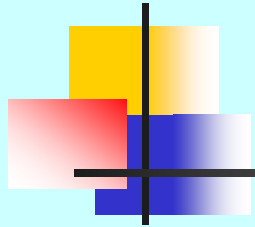
Main SWH Markets in China



Main Components of SWH in China

Flat plate collector

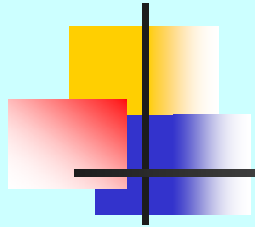




Evacuated tube collector

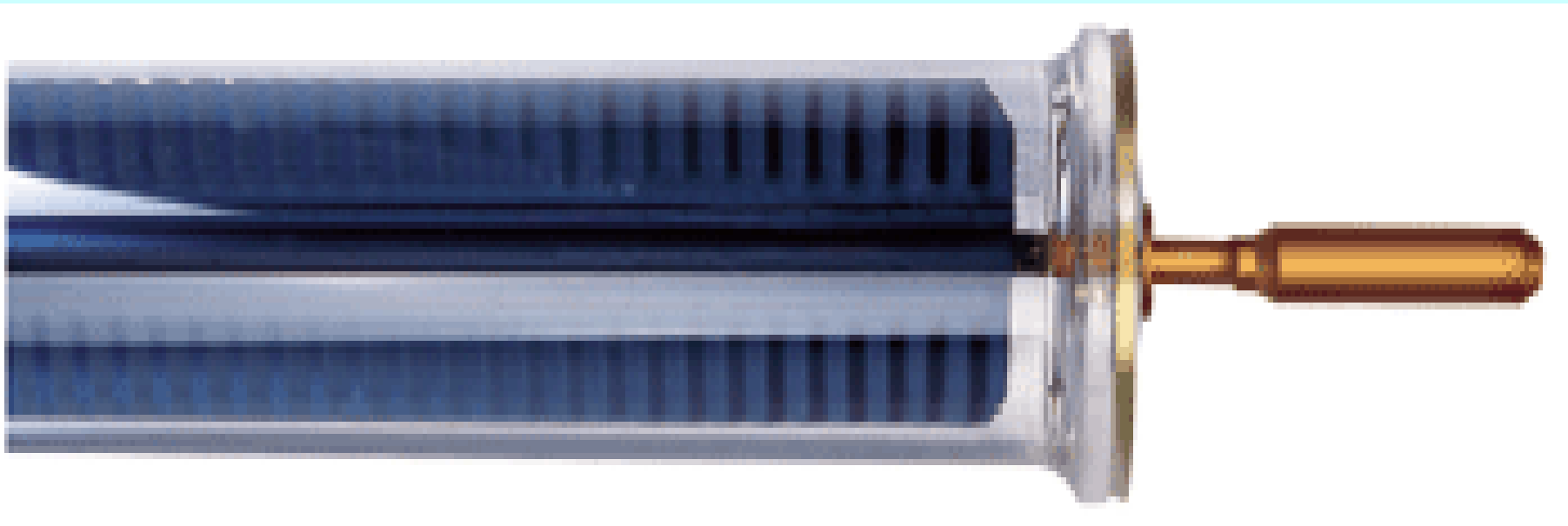
All-glass evacuated tube





Evacuated tube collector

Heat-pipe evacuated tube

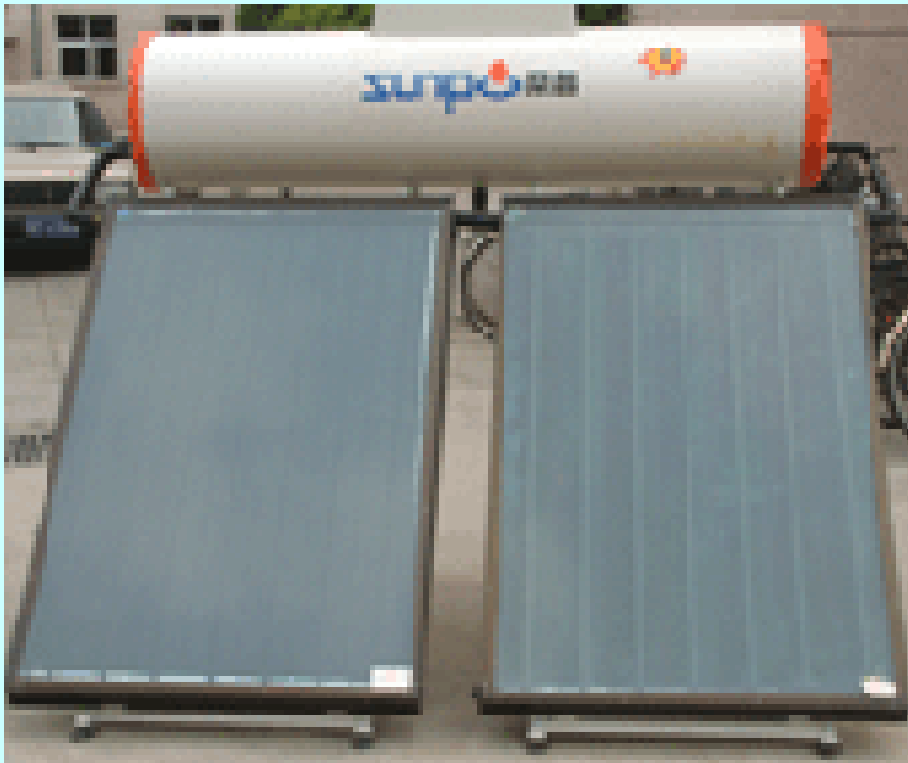




2. Solar Thermal Applications in China

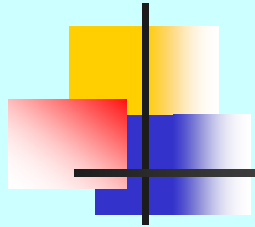
2.1 Solar Water Heating

Flat plate SWH



All-glass evacuated tube SWH





Forced circulation system

Flat plate SWH system completed by BSERI





Forced circulation system

All-glass evacuated tube SWH system completed by BSERI

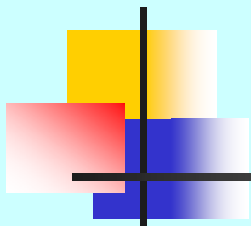




Forced circulation system

Heat pipe evacuated tube SWH system completed by BSERI





UDC

中华人民共和国国家标准

GB

P

GB 50364—2005

民用建筑太阳能热水系统

应用技术规范

Technical code for solar water

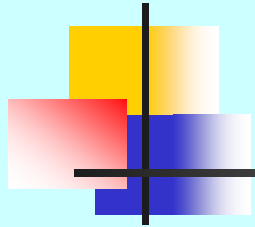
heating system in civil buildings

2005—12—05 发布

2006—01—01 实施

中华人民共和国建设部

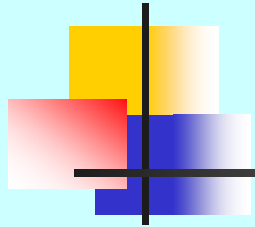
中华人民共和国国家质量监督检验检疫总局 联合发布



Demonstration projects (1)

Guest House, Lijiang, Yunnan Province

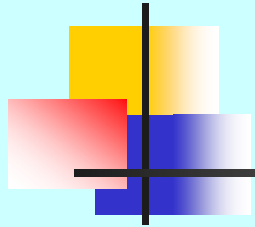




Demonstration projects (2)

Townhouse, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province





Demonstration projects (3) completed by Sunpu

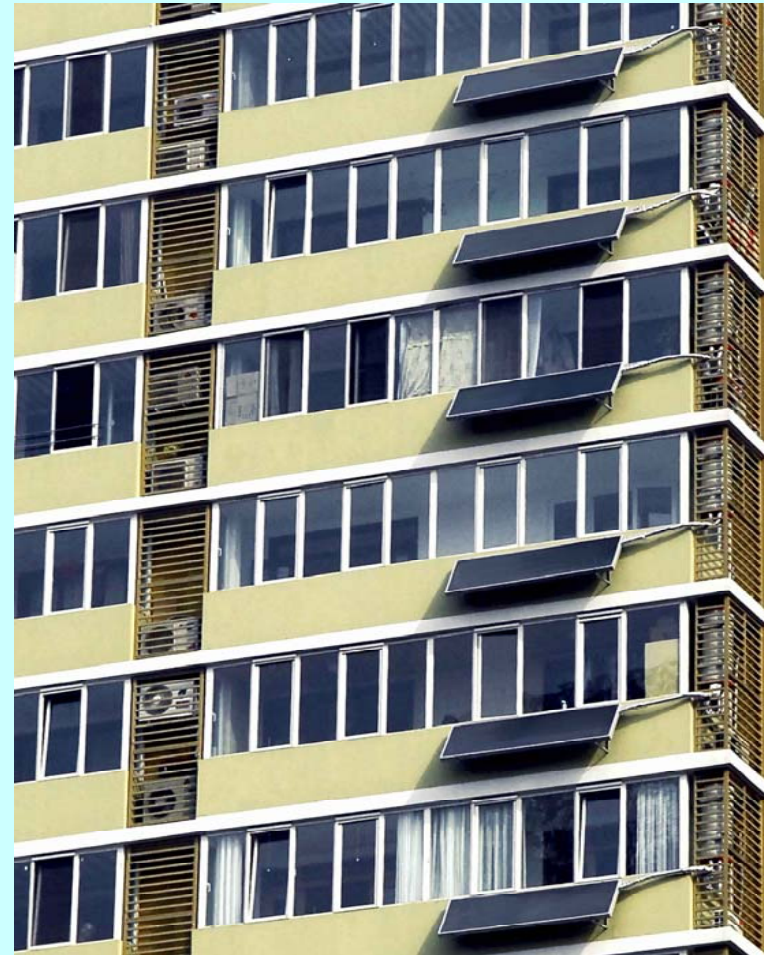
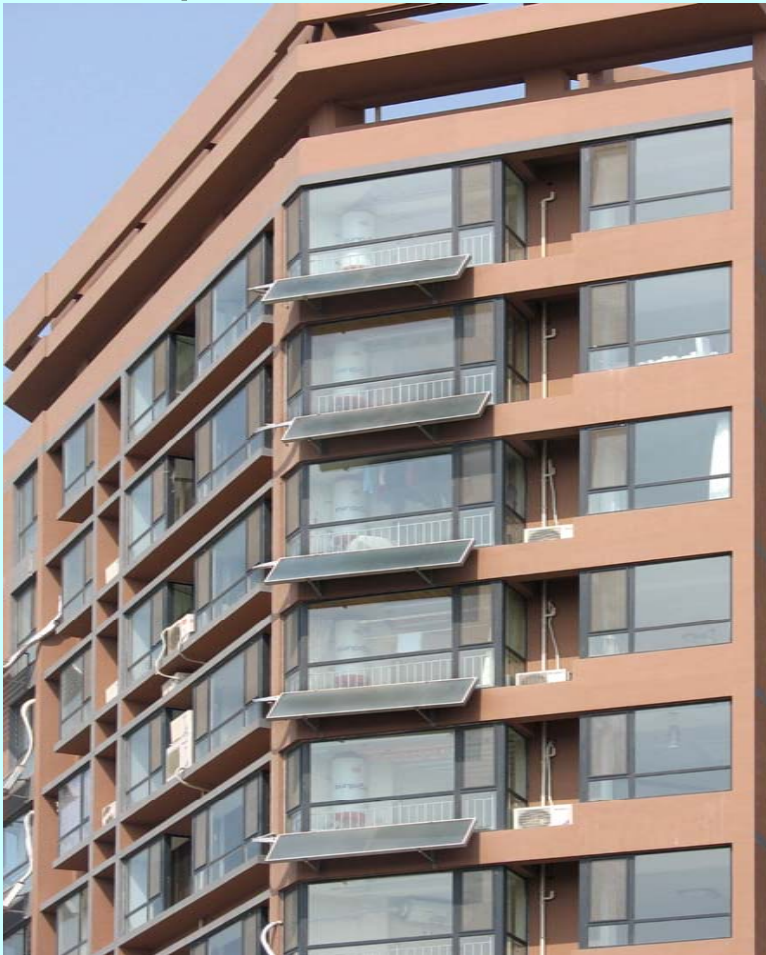
Apartment, Nanning, Guangxi Province

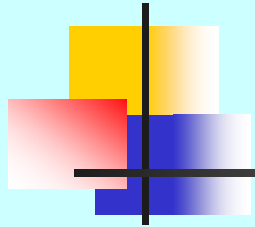




Demonstration projects (4) completed by BSERI

Apartment, individual systems, Hebei Province

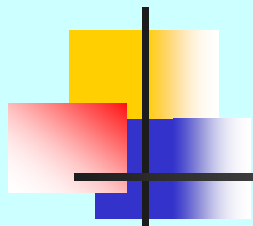




Demonstration projects (5)

*Apartment, collective-individual system
Guangdong Province*





2.2 Solar Space Heating

UDC

中华人民共和国国家标准

GB

P

GB 50495—2009

太阳能供热采暖工程技术规范

Technical code for solar heating system

2009—03—19 发布

2009—08—01 实施

中华人民共和国住房和城乡建设部
中华人民共和国国家质量监督检验检疫总局

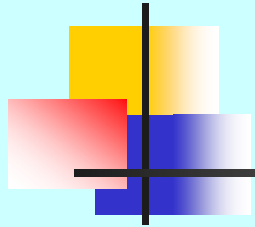
联合发布



Solar space heating systems (1) completed by BSERI

Village, Pinggu District, Beijing

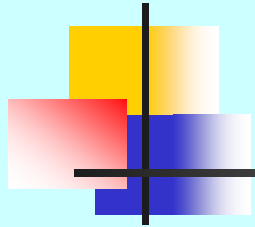




Solar space heating systems (2)

Village, Pinggu District, Beijing

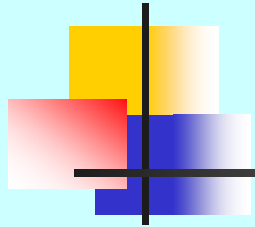




Solar space heating systems (3)

Village, Mentougou District, Beijing

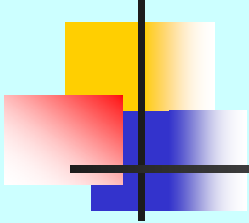




Solar space heating systems (4)

Apartment, Xining, Qinghai Province

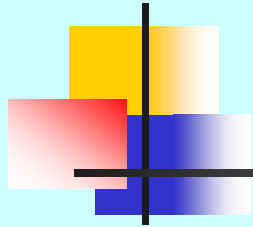




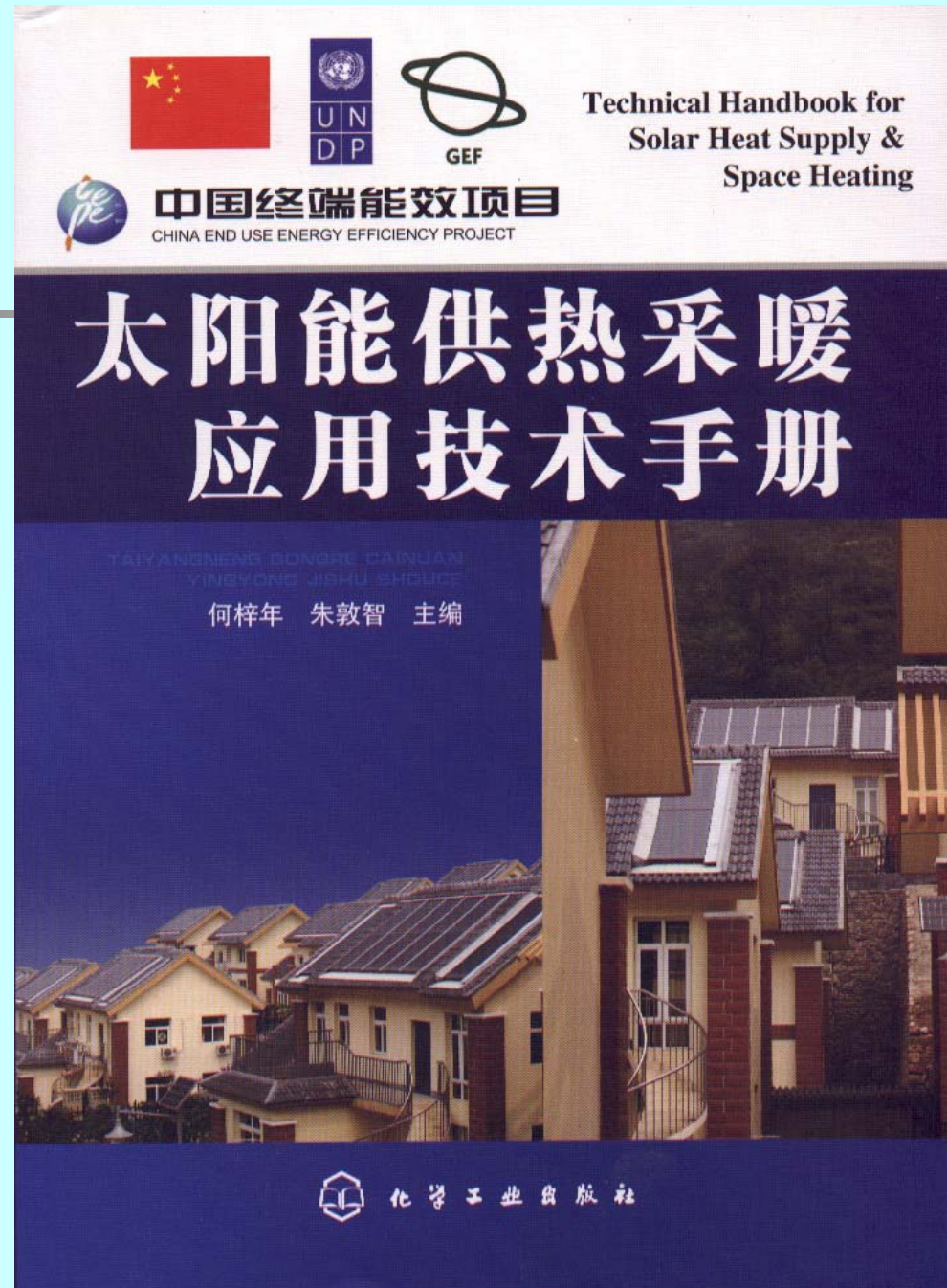
Solar space heating systems (5) completed by BSERI

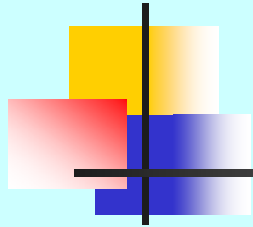
Hotel, Shuanghu, Tibet





Technical Handbook for
Solar Heat Supply &
Space Heating was
edited by He, Zinian and
Zhu, Dunzhi





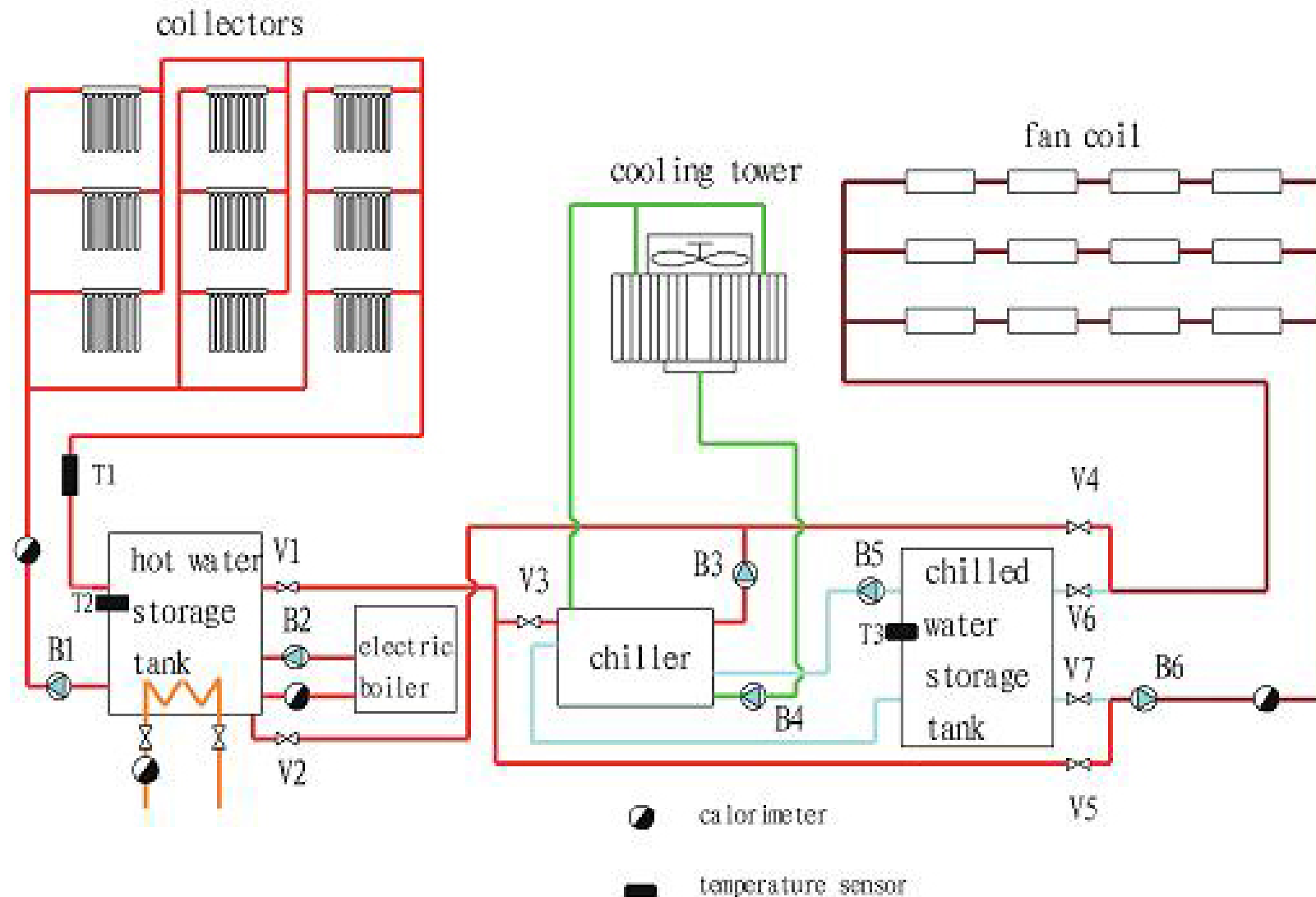
2.3 Solar Air-conditioning

Solar air-conditioning relies on the fact that the largest cooling demand in summer is just matched with the strongest sunshine in summer.

Solar air-conditioning systems can be classified into:

- Solar **absorption** AC system
- Solar **adsorption** AC system
- Solar **desiccant** AC system

Layout of solar absorption AC system



Solar air-conditioning system (1) completed by BSERI

100kW, Exhibition hall, Rushan, Shandong Province

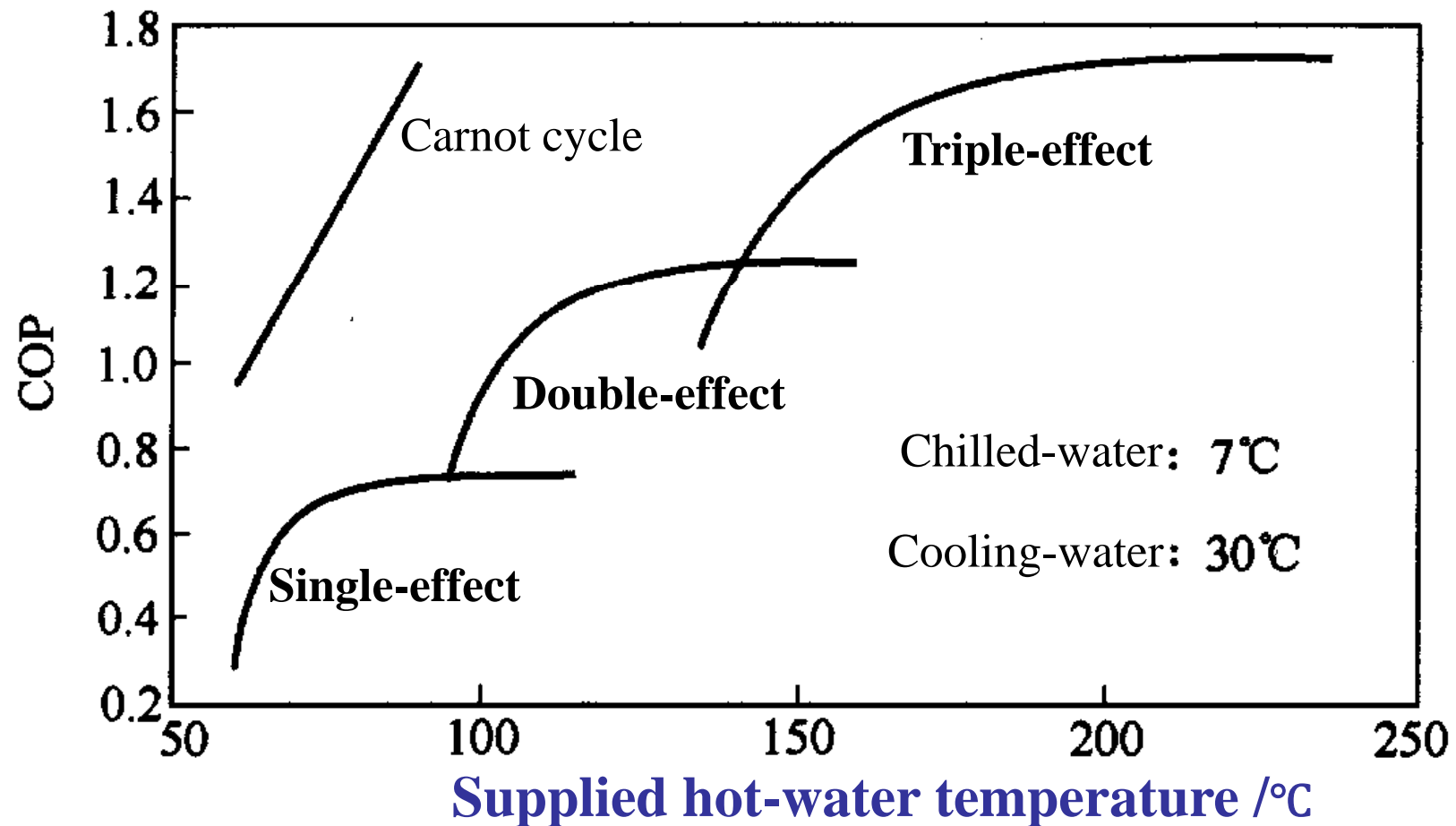


Solar air-conditioning system (2) completed by BSERI

360kW, Office building, Beijing



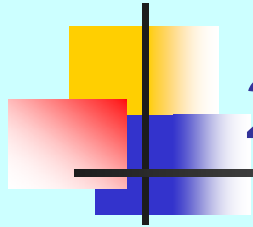
Improvement of AC System Performance





Middle-temperature collector
is under development by Sunda



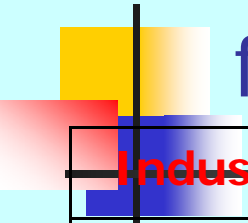


2.4 Solar Industrial Process Heating

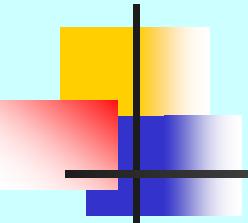
Characteristics of solar industrial process heating systems:

- Higher heating temperature
- Reliable system operation
- Integration with manufacturing process
- Acceptable pay-back period

Potential industrial sectors & processes for solar thermal uses



Industrial sector	Process	Temp. range (°C)
Food & beverage industry	drying	30~90
	heat treatment	40~60
	washing	40~80
	pasteurizing	80~110
	boiling	95~105
	sterilizing	140~150
Textile industry	washing	40~80
	bleaching	60~100
	dyeing	100~160
Chemical industry	raw petroleum heating	70~80
	boiling	95~105
	distilling	110~300
	various chemical processes	120~180
Transportation	vehicle washing	70~80
	cement maintenance	70~90
	asphalt heating	160~180



Solar raw petroleum heating system completed by BSERI

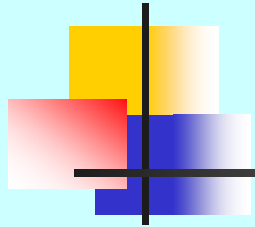
Liaohe Oil Field, Liaoning Province



Solar electroplating process heating system completed by BSERI

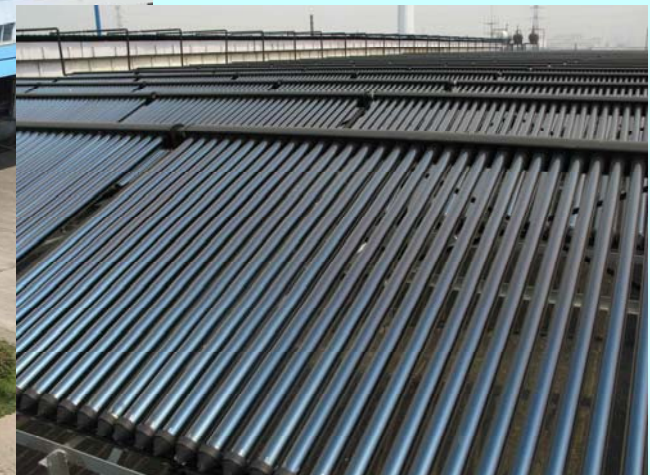
Coin Manufacturing Factory, Shanghai

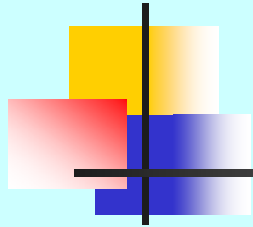




Solar dyeing process heating system

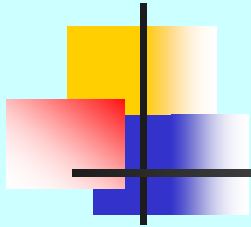
Printing & Dyeing Mill, Jiangsu Province





2.5 Passive Solar Houses

- Passive solar house is a house with solar space heating by only adopting some measures to the building itself but without any additional mechanical equipment.
- There are three types of passive solar houses:
 - Attached sunspace
 - Heat collection (storage) wall—Trombe Wall
 - Direct gain



- Passive solar houses are mainly built in Northwest, North and Northeast of China.
- According to statistics, by the end of 2008, there are passive solar houses over the country
 - Total construction area: 15,000,000 m²

Passive solar houses with attached sunspace





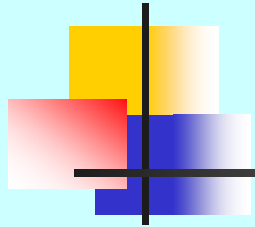
Passive solar houses with Trombe Wall





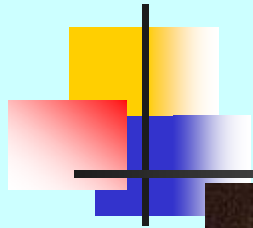
Passive solar houses with direct gain





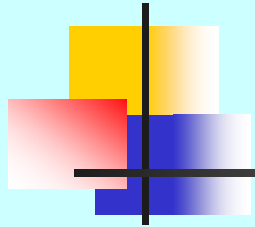
2.6 Solar Cookers

- Solar cooker is a device by which the cooking can be done using solar energy.
- There are mainly two types of solar cookers:
 - Box solar cooker
 - Concentrating solar cooker
- By the end of 2008, there are more than **2,960,000 sets** of solar cookers used in rural households over the country.

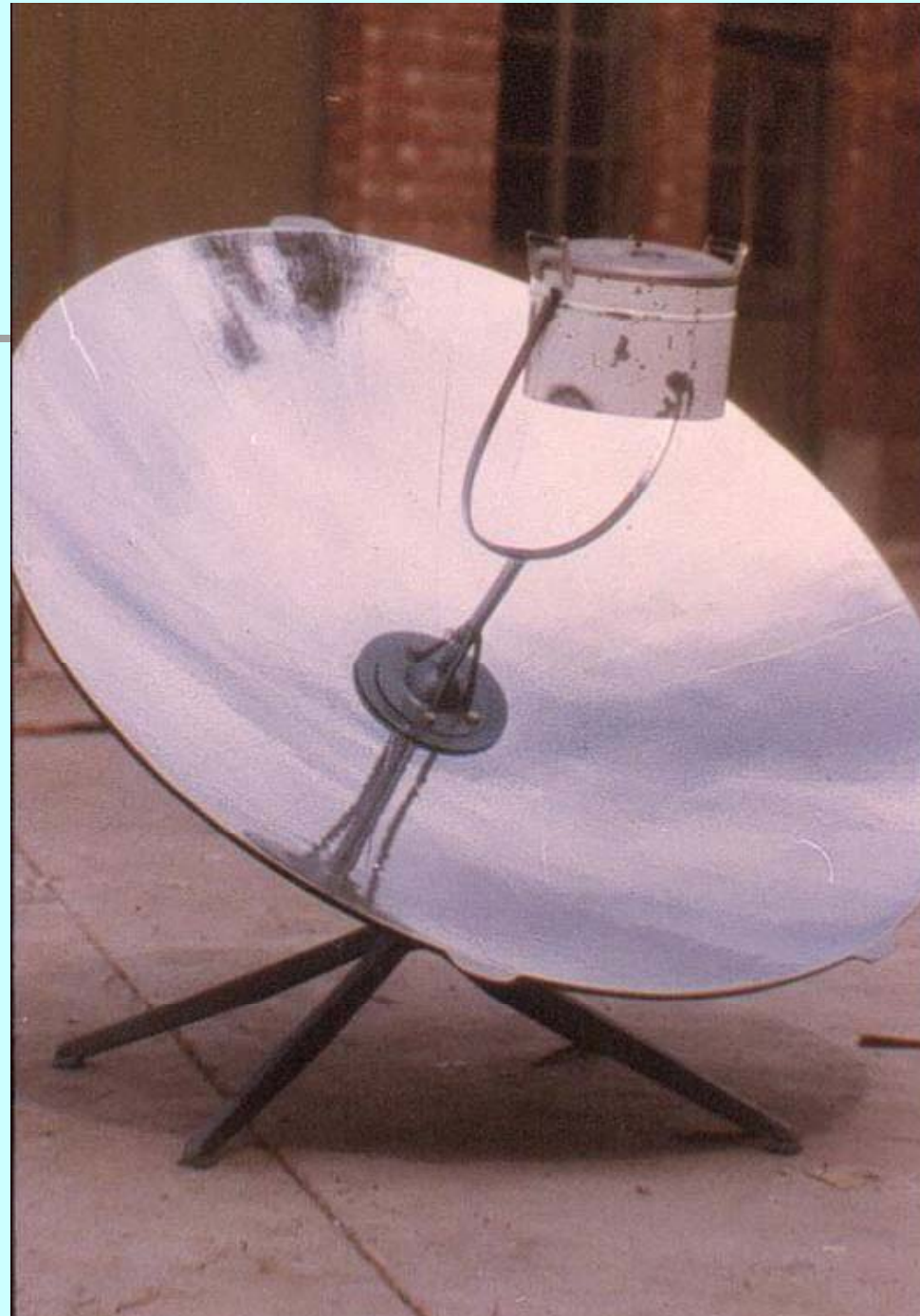


Box solar cooker with cylindrical reflectors

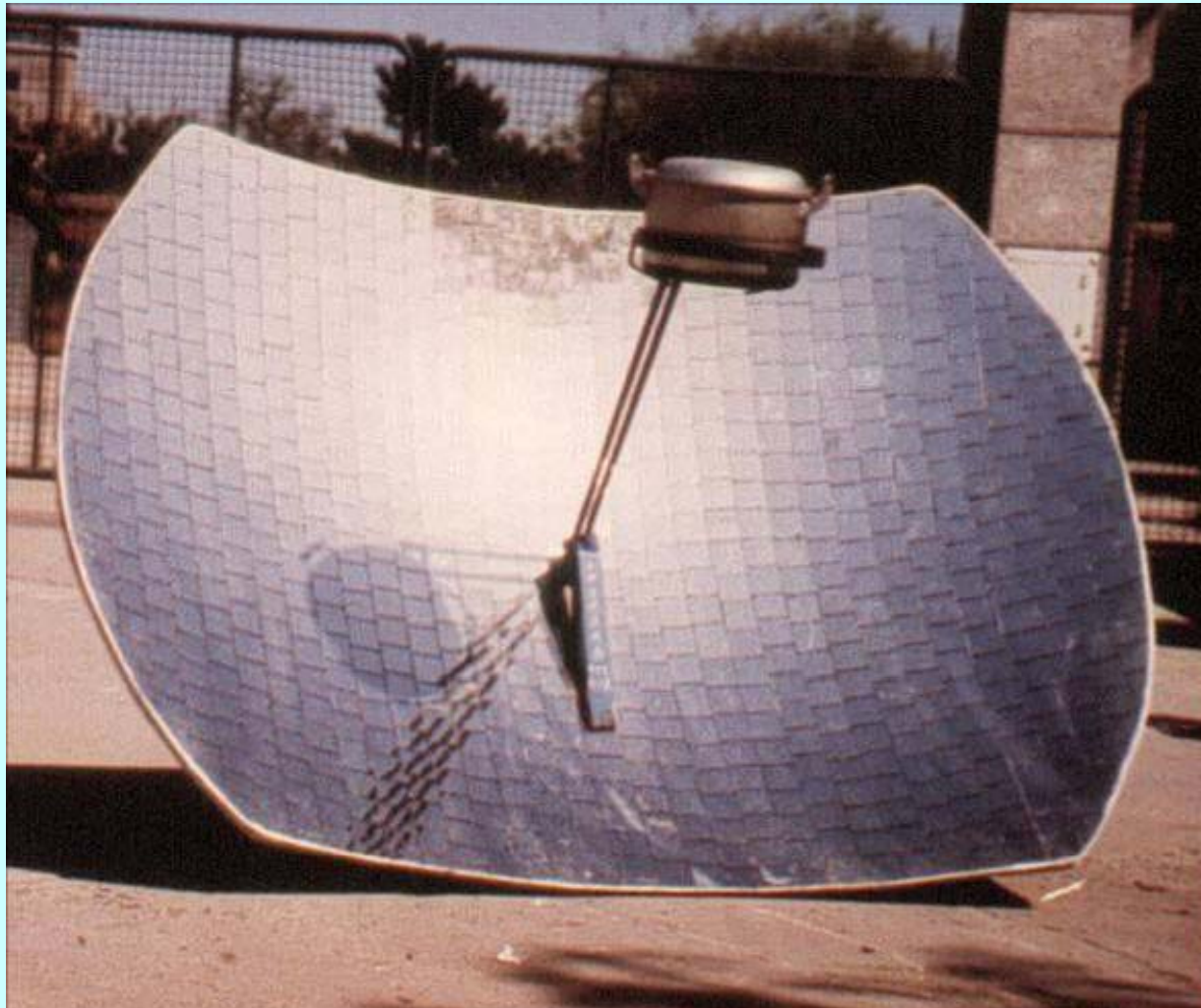




*Concentrating
solar cooker
with spherical
cast reflector*



*Concentrating solar cooker
with oblate concrete reflector*

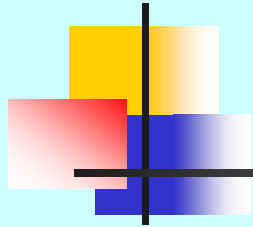


*Concentrating solar cooker
with parabolic glass fiber reinforced plastic reflector*



*Concentrating solar cooker
with foldable reflector*





Thank you for attention !